

1000+ SAT Vocabulary Words with Meanings in English

A Practical Vocabulary Book for Students and English Learners

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Hard • Academic • Useful • Everyday English

How to Use This Vocabulary Book

Study a small group of words at a time. Say difficult words aloud, connect meanings to context, and create your own sentences.

Study in small groups: Learn 10–20 words at a time.

Read aloud: Practice unfamiliar pronunciations.

Use context: Write sentences that match your daily life.

Review regularly: Return to older words before adding many new ones.

Total vocabulary entries: 1021

A — SAT Vocabulary Words

1. Abate — become less intense
2. Abdicate — give up a position of power
3. Aberration — something unusual or abnormal
4. Abhor — strongly dislike
5. Abject — extremely bad or hopeless
6. Abjure — formally reject
7. Abolish — officially end something
8. Abominable — extremely unpleasant
9. Abridge — shorten without losing the main meaning
10. Abrogate — officially cancel or abolish
11. Abstain — deliberately avoid something
12. Abstemious — moderate in eating or drinking
13. Abstruse — difficult to understand
14. Abundant — existing in large quantities
15. Accede — agree to a request
16. Accentuate — emphasize something
17. Acclaim — enthusiastic public praise
18. Accolade — an award or expression of praise
19. Accost — approach someone boldly
20. Acquiesce — accept without protest
21. Acquiescence — acceptance without protest
22. Acquittal — official judgment that someone is not guilty
23. Acrimony — bitter anger
24. Acumen — ability to make good judgments
25. Acute — extremely serious or perceptive
26. Adamant — completely unwilling to change
27. Adept — highly skilled
28. Adhere — follow or stick to something
29. Admonish — warn or criticize gently
30. Admonition — a warning or mild criticism
31. Adroit — skillful and clever
32. Adulation — excessive praise
33. Adulterate — make something impure
34. Advantageous — providing a benefit
35. Adversarial — involving opposition
36. Adverse — unfavorable
37. Adversity — difficult circumstances
38. Aesthetic — concerned with beauty
39. Aestheticism — strong concern for beauty
40. Affable — friendly and easy to talk to
41. Affectation — unnatural behavior meant to impress
42. Affluent — wealthy
43. Aggrandize — increase power or importance

44. Agile — quick and flexible
45. Agility — ability to move quickly
46. Alacrity — cheerful readiness
47. Alleviate — make something less severe
48. Alleviation — reduction of pain or difficulty
49. Aloof — emotionally distant
50. Altruism — concern for others' welfare
51. Altruistic — concerned about others' welfare
52. Amalgamate — combine into one
53. Ambivalence — mixed feelings
54. Ambivalent — having mixed feelings
55. Ameliorate — improve a bad situation
56. Amicable — friendly and peaceful
57. Amorphous — lacking definite shape
58. Anachronism — something belonging to another time
59. Analogous — similar in an important way
60. Animosity — strong hostility
61. Anomaly — something that differs from the usual pattern
62. Antagonism — active opposition
63. Antagonistic — hostile or opposed
64. Antagonize — provoke someone
65. Antipathy — strong dislike
66. Antiquated — old-fashioned and outdated
67. Antithesis — direct opposite
68. Apathy — lack of interest
69. Apocryphal — probably not true
70. Appease — calm someone by satisfying demands
71. Apprehensive — worried about something that may happen
72. Apprise — inform someone
73. Approbation — approval or praise
74. Apt — appropriate or suitable
75. Aptitude — natural ability
76. Arbiter — person who settles a dispute
77. Arbitrary — based on personal choice rather than reason
78. Arcane — known by very few people
79. Archaic — very old-fashioned
80. Archetype — typical example of something
81. Arduous — requiring great effort
82. Articulate — express ideas clearly
83. Artifice — clever trick or strategy
84. Ascertain — discover something with certainty
85. Ascetic — avoiding physical pleasures
86. Assail — attack strongly
87. Assent — agreement
88. Assiduous — hardworking and persistent

- 89. Assuage — make an unpleasant feeling weaker
- 90. Assuagement — relief from discomfort
- 91. Astute — clever and perceptive
- 92. Attenuate — make weaker
- 93. Attenuation — reduction in strength
- 94. Audacious — boldly confident
- 95. Audacity — boldness
- 96. Augment — increase or improve
- 97. Augmentation — increase in size or amount
- 98. Auspicious — suggesting future success
- 99. Austere — plain and without luxury
- 100. Autonomous — independent
- 101. Avarice — extreme greed for wealth
- 102. Aversion — strong dislike
- 103. Avert — prevent something
- 104. Avid — very enthusiastic
- 105. Axiom — accepted principle

B — SAT Vocabulary Words

- 106. Balk — hesitate or refuse
- 107. Banal — boring because it is overused
- 108. Banter — playful conversation
- 109. Bastion — strong place of protection
- 110. Befuddle — confuse
- 111. Beguile — charm or deceive
- 112. Beleaguered — troubled by difficulties
- 113. Belie — give a false impression
- 114. Bellicose — eager to fight
- 115. Belligerent — hostile and aggressive
- 116. Benevolence — kindness and generosity
- 117. Benevolent — kind and generous
- 118. Benign — harmless or gentle
- 119. Berate — scold angrily
- 120. Bereft — lacking something important
- 121. Bifurcate — divide into two branches
- 122. Bifurcation — division into two branches
- 123. Blandishment — flattering persuasion
- 124. Blatant — very obvious
- 125. Blithe — carefree and unconcerned
- 126. Blunder — make a careless mistake
- 127. Boisterous — noisy and energetic
- 128. Bolster — support or strengthen
- 129. Bombastic — using overly important language
- 130. Boon — something helpful
- 131. Boondoggle — unnecessary project
- 132. Bountiful — plentiful
- 133. Brazen — bold and shameless
- 134. Brevity — shortness of expression
- 135. Brusque — abrupt and unfriendly
- 136. Bucolic — relating to peaceful countryside life
- 137. Buffoon — foolish or ridiculous person
- 138. Buoyant — cheerful or able to float
- 139. Burgeon — grow rapidly
- 140. Burlesque — exaggerated imitation for humor
- 141. Burnish — improve or polish
- 142. Buttress — support or strengthen
- 143. Byzantine — extremely complicated

C — SAT Vocabulary Words

- 144. Cacophony — harsh mixture of sounds
- 145. Cajole — persuade through flattery
- 146. Callous — emotionally insensitive
- 147. Calumny — false damaging statement
- 148. Candid — honest and direct
- 149. Candidness — honesty
- 150. Candor — honest openness
- 151. Capacious — having a lot of space
- 152. Capitulate — surrender
- 153. Capitulation — surrender
- 154. Capricious — unpredictable and changeable
- 155. Castigate — criticize severely
- 156. Catalyst — something causing change
- 157. Catalyze — cause or speed up change
- 158. Cathartic — providing emotional release
- 159. Caustic — sharply critical
- 160. Cavalier — showing careless disregard
- 161. Celerity — speed
- 162. Censure — strong official criticism
- 163. Chagrin — embarrassment or distress
- 164. Charlatan — person falsely claiming expertise
- 165. Chicanery — dishonest tricks
- 166. Chronic — continuing for a long time
- 167. Circumlocution — using many words instead of being direct
- 168. Circumscribe — limit or restrict
- 169. Circumspect — careful and cautious
- 170. Circumvent — find a way around something
- 171. Clairvoyant — able to perceive things beyond ordinary sight
- 172. Clamor — loud demand or noise
- 173. Clandestine — secret and hidden
- 174. Clarity — clearness
- 175. Clement — mild or merciful
- 176. Coalesce — come together
- 177. Coalescence — coming together
- 178. Coerce — force someone to act
- 179. Coercion — use of force
- 180. Cogent — clear and convincing
- 181. Cogitate — think deeply
- 182. Cognizant — aware of something
- 183. Commend — praise
- 184. Commensurate — corresponding in size or degree
- 185. Commiserate — express sympathy
- 186. Compassion — sympathetic concern

- 187. Compendium — collection of information
- 188. Complacent — too satisfied with oneself
- 189. Complicity — involvement in wrongdoing
- 190. Compunction — feeling of guilt
- 191. Concede — admit something is true
- 192. Conciliatory — intended to reduce conflict
- 193. Concision — brief expression
- 194. Concomitant — naturally accompanying something
- 195. Concur — agree
- 196. Condone — accept behavior as acceptable
- 197. Conflagration — a large destructive fire
- 198. Conflation — combining different things into one
- 199. Conform — follow accepted rules
- 200. Conformity — following accepted standards
- 201. Conjectural — based on guessing
- 202. Conjecture — guess based on limited evidence
- 203. Conscientious — careful and responsible
- 204. Conspicuous — easy to notice
- 205. Contempt — strong lack of respect
- 206. Contention — argument or disagreement
- 207. Contentious — likely to cause disagreement
- 208. Contiguous — sharing a border
- 209. Contingent — dependent on something else
- 210. Contradictory — containing opposing ideas
- 211. Contravene — violate a rule
- 212. Contrite — genuinely sorry
- 213. Conundrum — difficult problem
- 214. Conventional — based on common practice
- 215. Convergence — coming together
- 216. Convolved — extremely complicated
- 217. Copious — abundant
- 218. Corollary — natural result of something
- 219. Corroborate — confirm with evidence
- 220. Corroboration — evidence confirming a claim
- 221. Coterie — small exclusive group
- 222. Credence — belief that something is true
- 223. Credulous — too ready to believe
- 224. Culminate — reach the highest point
- 225. Culpable — deserving blame
- 226. cursory — quick and lacking detail
- 227. Curtail — reduce or shorten
- 228. Cynical — distrustful of people's motives

D — SAT Vocabulary Words

- 229. Daunt — make someone feel intimidated
- 230. Daunting — intimidating
- 231. Dauntless — fearless
- 232. Debacle — complete failure
- 233. Debilitate — weaken
- 234. Debunk — expose something as false
- 235. Decimate — destroy a large part of
- 236. Decorum — proper and polite behavior
- 237. Decry — publicly criticize
- 238. Deference — respectful submission
- 239. Deflect — cause something to change direction
- 240. Deft — skillful and quick
- 241. Defunct — no longer existing or operating
- 242. Deleterious — harmful
- 243. Delineate — describe or show precisely
- 244. Delineation — clear description
- 245. Demagogue — leader who gains support through emotional appeals
- 246. Demeanor — outward behavior
- 247. Demur — raise doubts or objections
- 248. Denigrate — criticize unfairly
- 249. Denouement — final resolution of a story
- 250. Depict — represent in words or images
- 251. Deplete — use up
- 252. Deprecate — express disapproval of
- 253. Derelict — abandoned or neglected
- 254. Dereliction — neglect of duty
- 255. Deride — mock or ridicule
- 256. Derision — mockery or ridicule
- 257. Derogatory — showing disrespect
- 258. Desiccate — dry out completely
- 259. Desolate — empty and lonely
- 260. Despondent — very unhappy
- 261. Despot — cruel ruler
- 262. Despotism — rule by a cruel or absolute leader
- 263. Desultory — lacking a clear plan
- 264. Deter — discourage from acting
- 265. Devoid — completely lacking
- 266. Diaphanous — very light and delicate
- 267. Diatribe — bitter verbal attack
- 268. Didactic — intended to teach
- 269. Didacticism — teaching intended to instruct
- 270. Diffident — lacking confidence
- 271. Digress — move away from the main topic

- 272. Dilatory — delaying something
- 273. Diligence — careful persistent work
- 274. Diligent — hardworking and careful
- 275. Discerning — showing good judgment
- 276. Discreet — careful not to attract attention
- 277. Discreetly — carefully and privately
- 278. Discrepancy — difference between things that should match
- 279. Discretion — careful judgment
- 280. Disdain — strong feeling of contempt
- 281. Disdainful — showing contempt
- 282. Disingenuous — not sincere
- 283. Disparage — speak of as unimportant
- 284. Disparagement — expression of criticism
- 285. Disparate — fundamentally different
- 286. Disparity — important difference
- 287. Dispassionate — not influenced by emotion
- 288. Disquisition — long detailed discussion
- 289. Dissemble — conceal the truth
- 290. Disseminate — spread widely
- 291. Dissemination — wide distribution
- 292. Dissipate — gradually disappear
- 293. Dissolution — ending or breaking apart
- 294. Dissonance — unpleasant lack of harmony
- 295. Divergence — movement apart
- 296. Divergent — developing in different directions
- 297. Docile — easy to manage
- 298. Dogged — persistent
- 299. Dogmatic — overly certain about beliefs
- 300. Dormant — inactive but capable of becoming active
- 301. Droll — amusing in an unusual way
- 302. Dubious — uncertain or doubtful
- 303. Duplicity — deceptive behavior
- 304. Duress — pressure or force
- 305. Dwindle — gradually become smaller
- 306. Dysfunctional — not working properly

E — SAT Vocabulary Words

- 307. Ebullient — cheerful and energetic
- 308. Eclectic — drawn from many different sources
- 309. Edify — teach or improve morally
- 310. Efficacious — effective
- 311. Efficacy — ability to produce a desired result
- 312. Egregious — remarkably bad
- 313. Elated — extremely happy
- 314. Elicit — draw out a response
- 315. Elucidate — explain clearly
- 316. Elucidation — clear explanation
- 317. Elusive — difficult to find or understand
- 318. Embellish — add decorative or exaggerated details
- 319. Embellishment — added decorative detail
- 320. Empathy — ability to understand another person's feelings
- 321. Empirical — based on observation or evidence
- 322. Emulate — imitate successfully
- 323. Emulation — effort to equal or surpass
- 324. Endeavor — attempt
- 325. Endorse — support publicly
- 326. Enervate — weaken or drain energy
- 327. Enfranchise — give voting rights
- 328. Engender — cause something to develop
- 329. Enigma — mysterious person or thing
- 330. Enigmatic — mysterious and difficult to understand
- 331. Enmity — hostility
- 332. Entrench — establish firmly
- 333. Entrenched — firmly established
- 334. Ephemeral — lasting for a very short time
- 335. Epigram — short witty statement
- 336. Epistolary — relating to letters
- 337. Equanimity — calmness under pressure
- 338. Equitable — fair and impartial
- 339. Equivocal — unclear or open to interpretation
- 340. Equivocate — avoid making a clear statement
- 341. Equivocation — deliberate use of ambiguous language
- 342. Eradicate — destroy completely
- 343. Eradication — complete destruction
- 344. Erratic — unpredictable
- 345. Erroneous — incorrect
- 346. Erudite — highly educated
- 347. Erudition — great learning
- 348. Esoteric — understood by a small specialized group
- 349. Ethereal — extremely delicate or heavenly

- 350. Evasive — avoiding a direct answer
- 351. Exacerbate — make worse
- 352. Exacerbation — making a problem worse
- 353. Exculpate — clear someone from blame
- 354. Exemplary — serving as an excellent example
- 355. Exemplify — serve as an example
- 356. Exigency — urgent need
- 357. Exigent — requiring immediate action
- 358. Exonerate — officially clear from blame
- 359. Exoneration — official clearing of blame
- 360. Exorbitant — unreasonably expensive
- 361. Expediency — practical advantage
- 362. Expedient — practical for achieving a purpose
- 363. Expedite — make something happen faster
- 364. Exposition — detailed explanation
- 365. Expound — explain in detail
- 366. Extant — still existing
- 367. Extemporaneous — prepared or spoken without advance planning
- 368. Extenuating — partly excusing
- 369. Extirpate — destroy completely
- 370. Extol — praise enthusiastically
- 371. Extolment — strong praise
- 372. Extraneous — unnecessary or irrelevant
- 373. Extrapolate — estimate using known information
- 374. Extrapolation — estimate based on known information
- 375. Exuberant — extremely energetic or enthusiastic

F — SAT Vocabulary Words

- 376. Facetious — joking in an inappropriate way
- 377. Facile — appearing easy but often lacking depth
- 378. Fallacious — based on faulty reasoning
- 379. Falter — lose strength or confidence
- 380. Fastidious — very careful about details
- 381. Fathom — understand deeply
- 382. Fatuous — foolish
- 383. Feasible — possible and practical
- 384. Feckless — lacking effectiveness or responsibility
- 385. Fecund — highly productive
- 386. Fecundity — ability to produce abundantly
- 387. Feign — pretend
- 388. Feral — wild rather than domesticated
- 389. Fervent — intensely passionate
- 390. Fervid — intensely enthusiastic
- 391. Fervor — intense enthusiasm
- 392. Fetter — restrict freedom
- 393. Fickle — changing frequently
- 394. Fidelity — faithfulness
- 395. Filibuster — prolonged speech used to delay action
- 396. Flagging — becoming weaker
- 397. Flagrant — obviously wrong
- 398. Florid — excessively elaborate
- 399. Flourish — grow or develop successfully
- 400. Fluctuate — change repeatedly
- 401. Fluctuation — repeated change
- 402. Flummox — confuse completely
- 403. Foment — encourage trouble or conflict
- 404. Fomentation — encouragement of unrest
- 405. Forage — search for food
- 406. Forbear — patiently refrain
- 407. Forbearance — patient restraint
- 408. Foresee — predict
- 409. Forlorn — lonely and abandoned
- 410. Formidable — difficult to deal with
- 411. Forsake — abandon
- 412. Fortitude — courage during difficulty
- 413. Fortuitous — happening by chance, often fortunately
- 414. Fractious — easily irritated or argumentative
- 415. Frenetic — extremely energetic and uncontrolled
- 416. Frivolous — lacking seriousness
- 417. Frugal — careful about spending
- 418. Frugality — careful use of money

- 419. Fulminate — express strong anger publicly
- 420. Furtive — secretive
- 421. Futile — incapable of producing results
- 422. Futilely — without useful result

G — SAT Vocabulary Words

- 423. Gainsay — deny or contradict
- 424. Galvanize — motivate people into action
- 425. Gambit — strategic action or opening move
- 426. Garrulity — excessive talkativeness
- 427. Garrulous — talking excessively
- 428. Gauche — socially awkward
- 429. Genial — friendly and cheerful
- 430. Germane — relevant to the topic
- 431. Germinate — begin to grow
- 432. Glib — fluent but lacking sincerity
- 433. Glibness — smooth but shallow fluency
- 434. Gluttonous — excessively greedy for food or pleasure
- 435. Goad — provoke someone into action
- 436. Grandiloquent — using overly grand language
- 437. Grandiose — excessively impressive or ambitious
- 438. Gratification — pleasure or satisfaction
- 439. Gratify — please or satisfy
- 440. Gratuitous — unnecessary or unearned
- 441. Gravitas — seriousness and dignity
- 442. Gravitate — move naturally toward something
- 443. Gregarious — sociable and outgoing
- 444. Grievous — very serious or harmful
- 445. Grimace — facial expression showing pain or dislike
- 446. Grotesque — strangely ugly or distorted
- 447. Guile — clever but dishonest behavior
- 448. Guileful — cleverly deceptive
- 449. Guileless — innocent and honest
- 450. Gullible — easily deceived
- 451. Gustatory — relating to taste

H — SAT Vocabulary Words

- 452. Hackneyed — overused and unoriginal
- 453. Halcyon — peaceful and happy
- 454. Haphazard — lacking organization
- 455. Hapless — unlucky
- 456. Harangue — lengthy aggressive speech
- 457. Harbinger — sign that something is coming
- 458. Harrowing — extremely distressing
- 459. Haughty — arrogantly superior
- 460. Hedonistic — focused on pleasure
- 461. Heedless — careless or inattentive
- 462. Hegemonic — dominant
- 463. Hegemony — dominant influence over others
- 464. Heinous — extremely wicked
- 465. Herald — announce or signal
- 466. Heresy — belief opposing accepted doctrine
- 467. Heretical — contrary to accepted belief
- 468. Heterodox — contrary to established opinions
- 469. Heterogeneous — made of different kinds
- 470. Heuristic — helping discover solutions through experience
- 471. Hiatus — temporary pause
- 472. Hindrance — something that creates difficulty
- 473. Histrionic — overly dramatic
- 474. Holistic — considering the whole system
- 475. Homily — moralizing speech
- 476. Homogeneous — consisting of similar elements
- 477. Hostile — unfriendly or aggressive
- 478. Hubris — excessive pride
- 479. Hyperbole — deliberate exaggeration
- 480. Hyperbolic — exaggerated
- 481. Hypocrisy — pretending to have beliefs one does not follow
- 482. Hypothetical — based on an imagined situation

I — SAT Vocabulary Words

- 483. Iconoclasm — rejection of established beliefs
- 484. Iconoclast — person who challenges established beliefs
- 485. Idiosyncratic — peculiar to an individual
- 486. Ignominious — deserving shame
- 487. Imminent — about to happen
- 488. Immutable — unable to change
- 489. Impartial — fair and unbiased
- 490. Impartiality — fairness
- 491. Impasse — deadlock
- 492. Impecunious — having little money
- 493. Impediment — obstacle or hindrance
- 494. Impetuous — acting without careful thought
- 495. Impetus — force that causes action
- 496. Implacable — impossible to calm or satisfy
- 497. Implicit — suggested without being directly stated
- 498. Impromptu — done without preparation
- 499. Improvise — create without preparation
- 500. Inadvertent — accidental
- 501. Incendiary — likely to cause conflict
- 502. Incessant — continuing without stopping
- 503. Inchoate — not fully developed
- 504. Incipient — beginning to develop
- 505. Incisive — clear and intelligent
- 506. Incongruous — not fitting with surroundings
- 507. Incontrovertible — impossible to dispute
- 508. Incorrigible — unable to be corrected
- 509. Inculcate — teach through repeated instruction
- 510. Inculcation — teaching through repetition
- 511. Indefatigable — unable to become tired
- 512. Indigenous — naturally belonging to a place
- 513. Indignant — angry about unfair treatment
- 514. Indolence — laziness
- 515. Indolent — habitually lazy
- 516. Industrious — hardworking
- 517. Ineffable — too great to express in words
- 518. Inept — lacking skill
- 519. Inexorable — impossible to stop or prevent
- 520. Infallibility — quality of being unable to be wrong
- 521. Infallible — incapable of being wrong
- 522. Ingenuous — innocent and sincere
- 523. Inherent — naturally existing within something
- 524. Inimical — harmful or hostile
- 525. Innocuous — harmless

- 526. Innovative — introducing new ideas
- 527. Inordinate — excessive
- 528. Inscrutable — impossible to understand
- 529. Insidious — gradually harmful while appearing harmless
- 530. Insipid — lacking flavor or excitement
- 531. Insolent — boldly disrespectful
- 532. Insular — narrow-minded
- 533. Insurgent — rebellious person
- 534. Intangible — unable to be physically touched
- 535. Interminable — apparently endless
- 536. Intransigence — refusal to compromise
- 537. Intransigent — refusing to compromise
- 538. Intrepid — fearless
- 539. Intrinsic — belonging naturally
- 540. Inundate — overwhelm with a large amount
- 541. Inundation — overwhelming flood or amount
- 542. Inveterate — long-established and habitual
- 543. Invidious — unfairly likely to cause resentment
- 544. Irrksome — annoying
- 545. Irrefutable — impossible to disprove
- 546. Irresolute — uncertain and hesitant
- 547. Irreverent — lacking respect
- 548. Itinerant — traveling from place to place

J — SAT Vocabulary Words

- 549. Jaded — tired from too much of something
- 550. Jeopardize — put at risk
- 551. Jettison — abandon or discard something
- 552. Jocular — playful or joking
- 553. Jovial — cheerful and friendly
- 554. Jubilant — extremely joyful
- 555. Judicious — showing good judgment
- 556. Juncture — particular point in time
- 557. Jurisprudence — study or system of law
- 558. Justify — give a valid reason
- 559. Juxtapose — place things side by side for comparison

K — SAT Vocabulary Words

- 560. Kaleidoscopic — constantly changing and varied
- 561. Keen — highly perceptive or enthusiastic
- 562. Kindle — begin or inspire
- 563. Kinetic — relating to movement
- 564. Kismet — destiny or fate
- 565. Knavery — dishonest behavior
- 566. Knavish — dishonest or deceitful
- 567. Knotty — complicated or difficult
- 568. Kowtow — behave with excessive submission
- 569. Kudos — praise for achievement

L — SAT Vocabulary Words

- 570. Laconic — using very few words
- 571. Lacuna — missing part
- 572. Lament — express sorrow
- 573. Lamentable — deserving regret
- 574. Lamentation — expression of grief
- 575. Languid — lacking energy
- 576. Largesse — generous giving
- 577. Latent — present but not yet visible
- 578. Laud — praise highly
- 579. Laudable — deserving praise
- 580. Laudatory — expressing praise
- 581. Lavish — very generous or abundant
- 582. Lax — not strict
- 583. Legerdemain — deceptive skill or trickery
- 584. Legible — clear enough to read
- 585. Leitmotif — recurring idea or theme
- 586. Lethargic — lacking energy
- 587. Lethargy — lack of energy
- 588. Levity — lightness or humor
- 589. Libertine — person lacking moral restraint
- 590. Licentious — lacking moral restraint
- 591. Limpid — clear and transparent
- 592. Litany — long repetitive list
- 593. Litigious — inclined to engage in lawsuits
- 594. Loathe — strongly hate
- 595. Loquacious — very talkative
- 596. Loquacity — excessive talkativeness
- 597. Lucid — clear and easy to understand
- 598. Lucidity — clarity
- 599. Lucrative — producing substantial profit
- 600. Ludicrous — absurd or ridiculous
- 601. Lurid — shocking or sensational

M — SAT Vocabulary Words

- 602. Machination — secret scheme
- 603. Maelstrom — powerful confused situation
- 604. Magnanimity — generosity toward a rival
- 605. Magnanimous — generous and forgiving
- 606. Magnate — powerful or wealthy person
- 607. Magniloquent — using grand or impressive language
- 608. Malaise — general feeling of discomfort
- 609. Malevolent — wishing harm to others
- 610. Malfeasance — wrongdoing by a public official
- 611. Malign — speak badly about
- 612. Malleability — ability to be shaped or influenced
- 613. Malleable — easily shaped or influenced
- 614. Manifest — clear or obvious
- 615. Marginal — minor or at the edge
- 616. Maudlin — overly sentimental
- 617. Maverick — independent-minded person
- 618. Meander — wander without direction
- 619. Mendacious — dishonest
- 620. Mendacity — dishonesty
- 621. Mercenary — motivated mainly by money
- 622. Mercurial — changing moods quickly
- 623. Metamorphosis — major transformation
- 624. Meticulous — extremely careful and precise
- 625. Meticulousness — great attention to detail
- 626. Minuscule — extremely small
- 627. Misnomer — incorrect name
- 628. Mitigate — make less severe
- 629. Mitigation — reduction in severity
- 630. Modest — not boastful
- 631. Modicum — small amount
- 632. Mollification — act of calming
- 633. Mollify — calm or soothe
- 634. Monolithic — large and uniform
- 635. Monotonous — lacking variety
- 636. Moratorium — temporary suspension
- 637. Moribund — near death or decline
- 638. Morose — gloomy and unhappy
- 639. Multifarious — having many different kinds
- 640. Mundane — ordinary and uninteresting
- 641. Munificence — great generosity
- 642. Munificent — extremely generous
- 643. Myopic — lacking long-term perspective
- 644. Myriad — a very large number

N — SAT Vocabulary Words

- 645. Nadir — lowest point
- 646. Narcissistic — excessively self-focused
- 647. Nascent — beginning to develop
- 648. Nebulous — unclear or vague
- 649. Nefarious — wicked or criminal
- 650. Negate — cancel or make ineffective
- 651. Negligent — failing to take proper care
- 652. Negligible — too small to matter
- 653. Neophyte — beginner
- 654. Nettlesome — irritating
- 655. Noisome — unpleasant or offensive
- 656. Nominal — very small or existing in name only
- 657. Nonchalant — calmly unconcerned
- 658. Nonplussed — surprised and unsure how to respond
- 659. Nostalgia — sentimental longing for the past
- 660. Notion — idea or belief
- 661. Notorious — famous for something bad
- 662. Novel — new or original
- 663. Novice — inexperienced person
- 664. Noxious — harmful or poisonous
- 665. Nuance — subtle difference
- 666. Nuanced — showing subtle differences
- 667. Nullify — make legally or practically ineffective
- 668. Nurture — care for and encourage growth

O — SAT Vocabulary Words

- 669. Obdurate — stubbornly refusing to change
- 670. Obfuscate — make difficult to understand
- 671. Obfuscation — act of making unclear
- 672. Oblivion — state of being forgotten or unaware
- 673. Oblivious — unaware
- 674. Obscure — unclear or little known
- 675. Obsequious — excessively eager to please
- 676. Obsolete — no longer useful
- 677. Obstinate — stubborn
- 678. Obviate — remove the need for something
- 679. Odious — extremely unpleasant
- 680. Officious — annoyingly eager to help or interfere
- 681. Ominous — suggesting something bad may happen
- 682. Omnipotent — having unlimited power
- 683. Omnipresent — present everywhere
- 684. Onerous — involving heavy effort
- 685. Opaque — difficult to understand
- 686. Opprobrium — harsh criticism or public shame
- 687. Opulent — extremely wealthy or luxurious
- 688. Ornate — highly decorated
- 689. Oscillate — move repeatedly between positions
- 690. Ostensible — appearing to be true
- 691. Ostensibly — apparently
- 692. Ostentatious — designed to attract attention through display
- 693. Ostracism — exclusion from a group
- 694. Ostracize — exclude from a group
- 695. Outlandish — bizarre or unusual
- 696. Overt — open and obvious
- 697. Overture — opening move or proposal

P — SAT Vocabulary Words

- 698. Pacify — calm someone or something
- 699. Palatable — pleasant enough to accept or taste
- 700. Palliative — relieving symptoms without curing
- 701. Palpable — easily noticed or felt
- 702. Panacea — solution for every problem
- 703. Paradox — seemingly contradictory statement that may be true
- 704. Paradoxical — seemingly contradictory
- 705. Paragon — model of excellence
- 706. Pariah — rejected person
- 707. Parsimonious — extremely unwilling to spend
- 708. Parsimony — extreme unwillingness to spend
- 709. Partisan — strongly supporting one side
- 710. Pathos — feeling of sadness or pity
- 711. Paucity — scarcity or lack
- 712. Pecuniary — related to money
- 713. Pedantic — overly concerned with minor details
- 714. Pejorative — expressing disapproval
- 715. Penchant — strong preference
- 716. Penurious — extremely unwilling to spend
- 717. Perennial — lasting or recurring for a long time
- 718. Perfidious — disloyal and treacherous
- 719. Perfunctory — done with little care
- 720. Perilous — dangerous
- 721. Permeable — allowing substances to pass through
- 722. Permeate — spread throughout
- 723. Pernicious — gradually harmful
- 724. Perspicacious — highly perceptive
- 725. Perspicuity — clarity of expression
- 726. Pertinacious — persistent and determined
- 727. Pertinent — relevant
- 728. Pervasive — widespread
- 729. Philanthropic — generous toward others
- 730. Phlegmatic — calm and unemotional
- 731. Pithy — brief but meaningful
- 732. Placate — calm an angry person
- 733. Plausible — seeming reasonable or possible
- 734. Plethora — excessive amount
- 735. Polemical — strongly argumentative
- 736. Portent — sign of a future event
- 737. Pragmatic — practical
- 738. Pragmatism — practical approach
- 739. Precarious — unstable or risky
- 740. Precariously — in an unstable way

- 741. Precipitous — dangerously steep or sudden
- 742. Preclude — prevent something from happening
- 743. Precocious — unusually advanced for one's age
- 744. Predilection — natural preference
- 745. Preponderance — greater amount or influence
- 746. Prescience — knowledge of something before it happens
- 747. Prescient — knowing something before it happens
- 748. Presumptuous — overly confident or bold
- 749. Prevalent — common
- 750. Prevaricate — avoid telling the truth directly
- 751. Probity — strong moral honesty
- 752. Proclivity — natural tendency
- 753. Prodigal — wastefully extravagant
- 754. Proficient — skilled
- 755. Profligate — recklessly wasteful
- 756. Proliferate — increase rapidly
- 757. Prolific — producing a lot
- 758. Prolix — using too many words
- 759. Propensity — natural tendency
- 760. Propitious — favorable
- 761. Proponent — supporter of an idea
- 762. Prosaic — ordinary or lacking imagination
- 763. Protean — able to change frequently
- 764. Provincial — narrow-minded or local
- 765. Prudent — wise and careful
- 766. Prurient — excessively interested in sexual matters
- 767. Pugnacious — eager to fight
- 768. Punctilious — extremely careful about rules
- 769. Pungency — strong sharp quality
- 770. Pungent — having a strong smell or effect
- 771. Pusillanimous — lacking courage

Q — SAT Vocabulary Words

- 772. Quagmire — difficult or complicated situation
- 773. Quaint — attractively old-fashioned
- 774. Qualm — feeling of doubt or uneasiness
- 775. Quandary — state of uncertainty
- 776. Quell — put an end to something
- 777. Querulous — complaining in an annoyed way
- 778. Quibble — argue about an unimportant detail
- 779. Quiescent — temporarily inactive
- 780. Quintessential — representing the best example
- 781. Quixotic — extremely idealistic and impractical
- 782. Quixotism — impractical idealism
- 783. Quizzical — showing confusion or curiosity
- 784. Quotidian — occurring every day

R — SAT Vocabulary Words

- 785. Rancor — deep resentment
- 786. Rapport — friendly understanding
- 787. Recalcitrance — stubborn resistance
- 788. Recalcitrant — stubbornly resistant
- 789. Recant — withdraw a previous statement
- 790. Recapitulate — summarize again
- 791. Receptive — open to ideas
- 792. Reclusive — avoiding other people
- 793. Reconcile — restore friendly relations or make compatible
- 794. Recondite — obscure and difficult to understand
- 795. Redoubtable — worthy of respect or fear
- 796. Redundant — unnecessarily repeated
- 797. Refractory — stubbornly resistant
- 798. Refrain — stop oneself from doing something
- 799. Refute — prove something wrong
- 800. Reiterate — say again
- 801. Relegate — assign to a lower position
- 802. Remiss — careless about responsibilities
- 803. Remonstrance — strong protest
- 804. Remonstrate — protest or argue strongly
- 805. Renegade — person who abandons a group or belief
- 806. Renounce — formally give up
- 807. Renunciation — formal rejection
- 808. Repine — complain or feel dissatisfied
- 809. Reproach — express disappointment or criticism
- 810. Repudiate — reject strongly
- 811. Requisite — required
- 812. Rescind — officially cancel
- 813. Resilient — able to recover quickly
- 814. Resplendent — brilliantly impressive
- 815. Reticent — unwilling to speak freely
- 816. Revere — deeply respect
- 817. Reverence — deep respect
- 818. Rhetoric — language used to influence people
- 819. Ribald — humorously vulgar
- 820. Rife — widespread
- 821. Rigorous — extremely thorough
- 822. Robust — strong and healthy
- 823. Rudimentary — basic and undeveloped
- 824. Rue — regret deeply
- 825. Ruminant — think deeply about something
- 826. Ruse — trick or deceptive plan
- 827. Rustic — relating to the countryside

S — SAT Vocabulary Words

- 828. Sagacious — wise and perceptive
- 829. Salient — most noticeable or important
- 830. Salubrious — health-giving
- 831. Sanction — officially approve or penalize
- 832. Sanguine — optimistic and confident
- 833. Sardonic — mocking in a bitter way
- 834. Scathing — severely critical
- 835. Scrupulous — extremely careful and honest
- 836. Scrutinize — examine closely
- 837. Secular — not religious
- 838. Sedulous — diligent and persistent
- 839. Seminal — strongly influential
- 840. Sententious — expressing moral ideas in a serious way
- 841. Serendipity — fortunate accidental discovery
- 842. Simulacrum — imitation or copy
- 843. Simulate — imitate or reproduce
- 844. Skeptical — doubtful about claims
- 845. Solicitous — showing concern for someone
- 846. Solipsistic — excessively focused on oneself
- 847. Somber — serious and gloomy
- 848. Somnolent — sleepy
- 849. Sophisticated — highly developed or knowledgeable
- 850. Specious — appearing convincing but actually false
- 851. Sporadic — occurring irregularly
- 852. Spurious — false but appearing genuine
- 853. Stagnant — not developing or moving
- 854. Stagnation — lack of progress
- 855. Staunch — strongly loyal
- 856. Steadfast — firmly committed
- 857. Stoic — showing little emotion
- 858. Stoicism — endurance without complaint
- 859. Stolid — calm and unemotional
- 860. Stratagem — clever plan
- 861. Strident — harsh and loud
- 862. Stultify — make ineffective or discourage
- 863. Subjugate — bring under control
- 864. Subjugation — bringing under control
- 865. Substantiate — support with evidence
- 866. Substantive — important and meaningful
- 867. Subtle — difficult to notice
- 868. Subtlety — fine distinction
- 869. Succinct — expressed in few words
- 870. Supercilious — arrogantly superior

- 871. Superfluous — unnecessary or excessive
- 872. Surfeit — excessive amount
- 873. Surreptitious — secretive
- 874. Sycophancy — flattering behavior for advantage
- 875. Sycophant — person who flatters for advantage
- 876. Synthesis — combination of different ideas

T — SAT Vocabulary Words

- 877. Tacit — understood without being stated
- 878. Taciturn — speaking very little
- 879. Taciturnity — habitual silence
- 880. Tantamount — equivalent in effect
- 881. Tautological — repeating the same idea unnecessarily
- 882. Temerity — excessive confidence
- 883. Temper — moderate or soften
- 884. Temperate — moderate and self-controlled
- 885. Tenable — able to be defended
- 886. Tenacious — persistent and determined
- 887. Tenacity — persistence
- 888. Tenet — firmly held belief
- 889. Tentative — uncertain or provisional
- 890. Tenuous — weak or uncertain
- 891. Terse — brief and direct
- 892. Timorous — fearful or lacking confidence
- 893. Tirade — long angry speech
- 894. Torpid — inactive or sluggish
- 895. Torpor — state of inactivity
- 896. Tortuous — full of twists or complexity
- 897. Tractable — easy to control or manage
- 898. Transcend — go beyond ordinary limits
- 899. Transient — lasting briefly
- 900. Transitory — temporary
- 901. Travesty — distorted or poor imitation
- 902. Trenchant — sharp and effective
- 903. Trepid — fearful
- 904. Trepidation — fear or anxiety
- 905. Trivial — unimportant
- 906. Truculence — aggressive hostility
- 907. Truculent — aggressively hostile
- 908. Turbulent — disorderly or unstable
- 909. Turpitude — morally bad behavior
- 910. Tutelage — guidance from a teacher

U — SAT Vocabulary Words

- 911. Ubiquitous — present almost everywhere
- 912. Ubiquity — presence everywhere
- 913. Umbrage — offense or annoyance
- 914. Unanimous — completely in agreement
- 915. Unassuming — modest and not attention-seeking
- 916. Unbridled — uncontrolled
- 917. Uncanny — strangely unusual
- 918. Unconventional — different from usual practice
- 919. Unctuous — excessively flattering
- 920. Undermine — weaken gradually
- 921. Undulate — move in waves
- 922. Unequivocal — completely clear
- 923. Unfathomable — impossible to understand
- 924. Unilateral — involving one side only
- 925. Unprecedented — never having happened before
- 926. Unruly — difficult to control
- 927. Untenable — impossible to defend or maintain
- 928. Unwarranted — not justified
- 929. Unwieldy — difficult to handle
- 930. Usurious — charging excessively high interest
- 931. Usurp — take power without legal right
- 932. Usurpation — wrongful seizure of power
- 933. Utilitarian — designed for practical usefulness
- 934. Utopian — ideally perfect but usually impractical

V — SAT Vocabulary Words

- 935. Vacillate — repeatedly change one's opinion
- 936. Vacillating — unable to decide
- 937. Vacuous — lacking ideas or intelligence
- 938. Vapid — dull and uninteresting
- 939. Vehement — showing strong feeling
- 940. Venal — willing to act wrongly for money
- 941. Venerable — worthy of respect
- 942. Venerate — regard with deep respect
- 943. Veracity — truthfulness
- 944. Verbose — using more words than necessary
- 945. Verisimilitude — appearance of being true
- 946. Veritable — genuine or true
- 947. Versatile — adaptable
- 948. Vestige — small remaining trace
- 949. Vex — annoy or frustrate
- 950. Viable — capable of working successfully
- 951. Vicarious — experienced through another person
- 952. Vicissitude — change in circumstances
- 953. Vigilance — watchfulness
- 954. Vigilant — watchful and alert
- 955. Vilify — speak about someone abusively
- 956. Vim — energy and enthusiasm
- 957. Vindicate — clear from blame
- 958. Vindictive — seeking revenge
- 959. Virulent — extremely harmful or hostile
- 960. Visceral — relating to deep feelings
- 961. Viscous — thick and sticky
- 962. Vitriolic — bitterly harsh
- 963. Vituperative — bitterly abusive
- 964. Vociferous — loudly expressive
- 965. Volatile — likely to change suddenly
- 966. Volition — personal choice or will
- 967. Voluble — speaking fluently and excessively
- 968. Voracious — extremely eager or hungry

W — SAT Vocabulary Words

- 969. Wane — gradually decrease
- 970. Wanton — reckless or deliberate without restraint
- 971. Warrant — justify or authorize
- 972. Warranted — justified
- 973. Wary — cautious and watchful
- 974. Wayward — difficult to control
- 975. Welter — confused mass or situation
- 976. Wheedle — persuade through flattering words
- 977. Whimsical — playfully unusual
- 978. Wily — clever and deceptive
- 979. Winsome — attractive and charming
- 980. Wistful — quietly longing for something
- 981. Wither — become weaker or dry up
- 982. Wrath — intense anger
- 983. Wry — dryly humorous

X — SAT Vocabulary Words

- 984. Xenial — friendly to guests or strangers
- 985. Xenocentric — preferring foreign cultures to one's own
- 986. Xenodochial — hospitable to strangers
- 987. Xenodochy — hospitality toward strangers
- 988. Xenogenesis — production of offspring unlike the parent
- 989. Xenolith — rock fragment different from surrounding rock
- 990. Xenophobia — fear or dislike of foreigners
- 991. Xenophobic — showing dislike of foreigners
- 992. Xeric — extremely dry
- 993. Xylophagous — feeding on wood

Y — SAT Vocabulary Words

- 994. Yank — pull suddenly
- 995. Yare — quick and ready
- 996. Yawning — wide open or extremely large
- 997. Yclept — called or named
- 998. Yearn — strongly desire
- 999. Yearning — strong longing
- 1000. Yen — strong desire
- 1001. Yesteryear — the past
- 1002. Yield — produce, give way, or surrender
- 1003. Yielding — willing to give way
- 1004. Yoke — join or place under control
- 1005. Yonder — at some distance
- 1006. Yore — time long ago
- 1007. Yowl — loud cry of pain or distress

Z — SAT Vocabulary Words

- 1008. Zany — amusingly strange
- 1009. Zeal — great enthusiasm
- 1010. Zealot — extremely devoted supporter
- 1011. Zealous — highly enthusiastic
- 1012. Zeitgeist — defining spirit of an era
- 1013. Zenith — highest point
- 1014. Zephyr — gentle breeze
- 1015. Zest — great enthusiasm or enjoyment
- 1016. Zestful — full of energy and enthusiasm
- 1017. Ziggurat — ancient stepped structure
- 1018. Zonal — relating to a particular zone
- 1019. Zoological — relating to animals
- 1020. Zoomorphic — having animal-like characteristics
- 1021. Zymotic — relating to fermentation or infectious disease